## Hudiesaurus

Hudiesaurus (meaning "butterfly lizard") is a herbivorous <u>sauropod</u> <u>genus</u> of <u>dinosaur</u> from <u>China</u>. The <u>fossil</u> remains of <u>Hudiesaurus</u> were in 1993 found by a Chinese-Japanese expedition near <u>Qiketai</u> in <u>Shanshan</u>, <u>Xinjiang</u> province. The type (and only named) species, <u>Hudiesaurus sinojapanorum</u>, was named and described by <u>Dong Zhiming</u> in 1997. The generic name is derived from <u>Mandarin</u> <u>hudie</u>, "butterfly" and refers to a flat butterfly-shaped process on the front base of the vertebral spine. The <u>specific name</u> refers to the members of the expedition but can also be read as "central part" in Chinese, a pun on the Japanese <u>Chunichi Shinbun</u> (again "central part") press group, which financed the research. [1]

Hudiesaurus is known from only two incomplete specimens, uncovered within sediments in the <u>Turpan Basin</u> equivalent to the <u>Kalazha Formation</u> of the <u>Junggar Basin</u>, which perhaps dates to the late <u>Jurassic</u> Period. The <u>type specimen</u> (IVPP V 11120) is represented only by a very large anterior dorsal vertebra. Another partial skeleton from an apparently smaller individual found about a kilometre away from the <u>holotype</u>, consisting of a nearly complete right front leg and teeth, specimen IVPP P. 11121, has by Dong been referred to this species.<sup>[1]</sup> <u>Paul Upchurch</u> in 2004 rejected the identity because of a lack of overlapping material.<sup>[2]</sup>

Although the specimens are fragmentary, *Hudiesaurus* is believed to have been very large, even for sauropods, given the considerable

Hudiesaurus	
Temporal range: Late Jurassic	
Scientific classification 🥖	
Kingdom:	Animalia
Phylum:	Chordata
Clade:	Dinosauria
Clade:	Saurischia
Suborder:	†Sauropodomorpha
Clade:	†Sauropoda
Family:	†Mamenchisauridae
Genus:	†Hudiesaurus
	Dong, 1997
Species:	†H. sinojapanorum
Binomial name	
†Hudiesaurus sinojapanorum	
Dong, 1997	

length of the vertebral centrum of fifty-five centimetres. Its body length is estimated at 20–30 m (66–98 ft).<sup>[3][1]</sup> In 2016, <u>Gregory S. Paul</u> estimated its length at 25 meters (82 ft) and its weight at 25 tonnes (27.5 short tons).<sup>[4]</sup> In 2020, Molina-Perez and Larramendi gave a larger estimation of 30.5 meters (100 ft) and 44 tonnes (48.5 short tons), suggesting that the <u>vertebra</u> may be a <u>cervical</u> instead of a <u>thoracic</u>, in which case the animal would be at 32 meters (105 ft) and 55 tonnes (60.6 short tons).<sup>[5]</sup>

Dong thought *Hudiesaurus* may have been related to <u>Mamenchisaurus</u> and accordingly placed it in the Mamenchisauridae. Upchurch in 2004 limited the precision to a more general Eusauropoda.<sup>[2]</sup>

## References

- 1. Dong, Z. (1997). "A gigantic sauropod (*Hudiesaurus sinojapanorum* gen. et sp. nov.) from the Turpan Basin, China." Pp. 102-110 in Dong, Z. (ed.), *Sino-Japanese Silk Road Dinosaur Expedition*. China Ocean Press, Beijing.
- 2. Upchurch, P.; Barrett, P.M.; Dodson, P.; 2004 "Sauropoda". In: Weishampel, D.B. and Dodson, P. and Osmolska, H., (eds.) *The Dinosauria*. p 259 322. University of California Press: Berkeley and Los Angeles
- 3. Holtz, Thomas R. Jr. (2011) *Dinosaurs: The Most Complete, Up-to-Date Encyclopedia for Dinosaur Lovers of All Ages,* Winter 2010 Appendix. (http://www.geol.umd.edu/~tholtz/dinoappendix/HoltzappendixWinter2010.pdf)

- 4. Paul, Gregory S. (2016). *The Princeton Field Guide to Dinosaurs 2nd Edition*. New Jersey: Princeton University Press. p. 207.
- 5. Molina-Perez & Larramendi (2020). *Dinosaur Facts and Figures: The Sauropods and Other Sauropodomorphs*. New Jersey: Princeton University Press. p. 252.

## **External links**

■ "How big was *Hudiesaurus?*" (http://svpow.wordpress.com/2008/01/17/how-big-was-hudiesaurus/) *Sauropod Vertebra Picture of the Week*, January 17, 2008

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